



LABORATORIO
NAZIONALE
ADONI
OTTICA
ADATTIVA

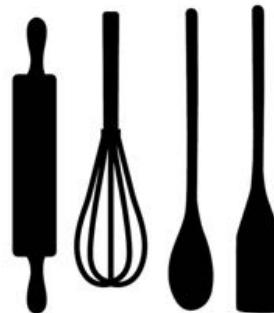


ELISA PORTALURI

ADONI, 10-12 Aprile 2017

HOW TO STUDY THE FAR UNIVERSE BY USING ONLY
THE STARS (AND A 40-M TELESCOPE)

MNRAS, 2017, 466, 3569



Recipe

HOW TO STUDY THE FAR UNIVERSE BY USING ONLY
THE STARS (AND A 40-M TELESCOPE)

V. Viotto, R. Ragazzoni, M. Gullieuszik, M. Bergomi, D. Greggio, F. Biondi, E. Carolo, S. Chinellato, M. Dima, J. Farinato, D. Magrin, L. Marafatto, U. Umbriaco, and D. Vassallo

TUTORIAL



THE UNIVERSE CAKE:

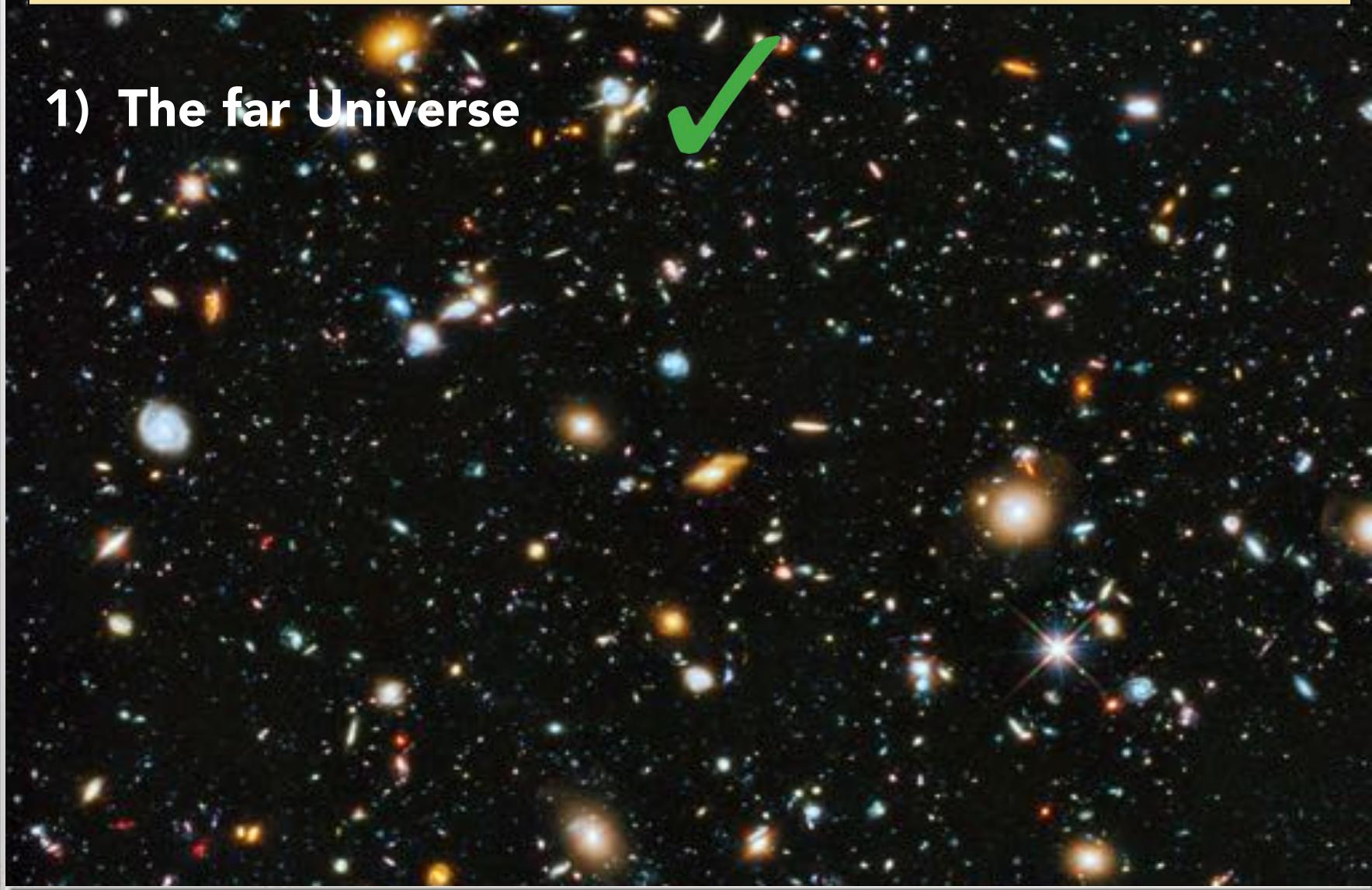
1. INGREDIENTS

2. STEPS

3. FILLS

INGREDIENTS

1) The far Universe

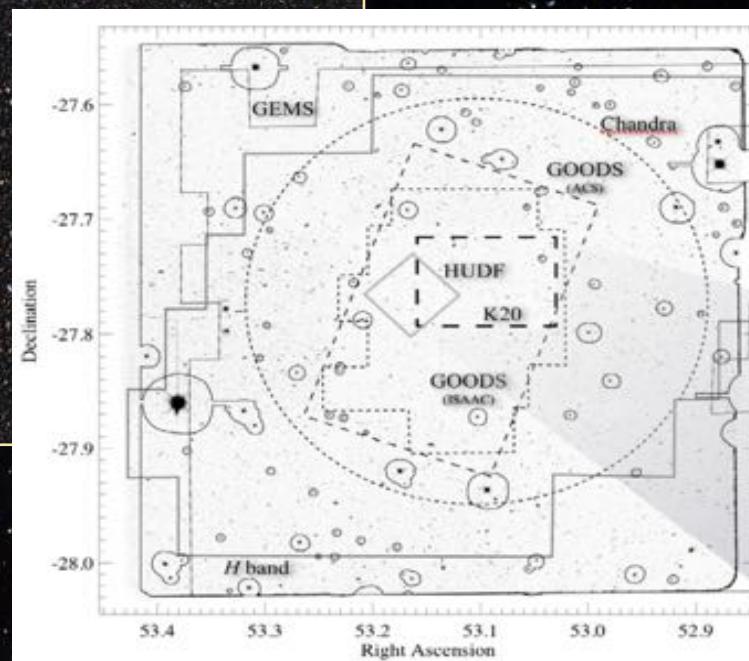


INGREDIENTS

1) The far Universe



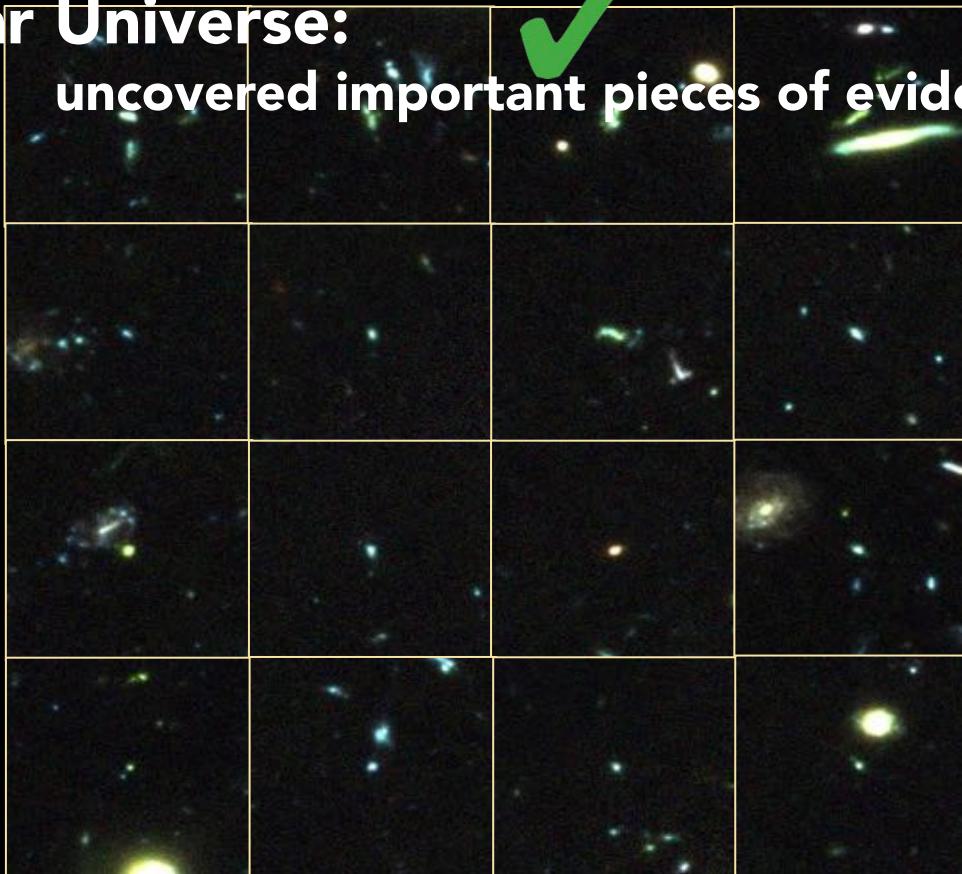
numerous surveys



INGREDIENTS

1) The far Universe:

uncovered important pieces of evidence



Irregulars: ($n < 0.5$)

Discs: ($0.5 > n > 1.0$)

Bulges ($n > 2.5$)

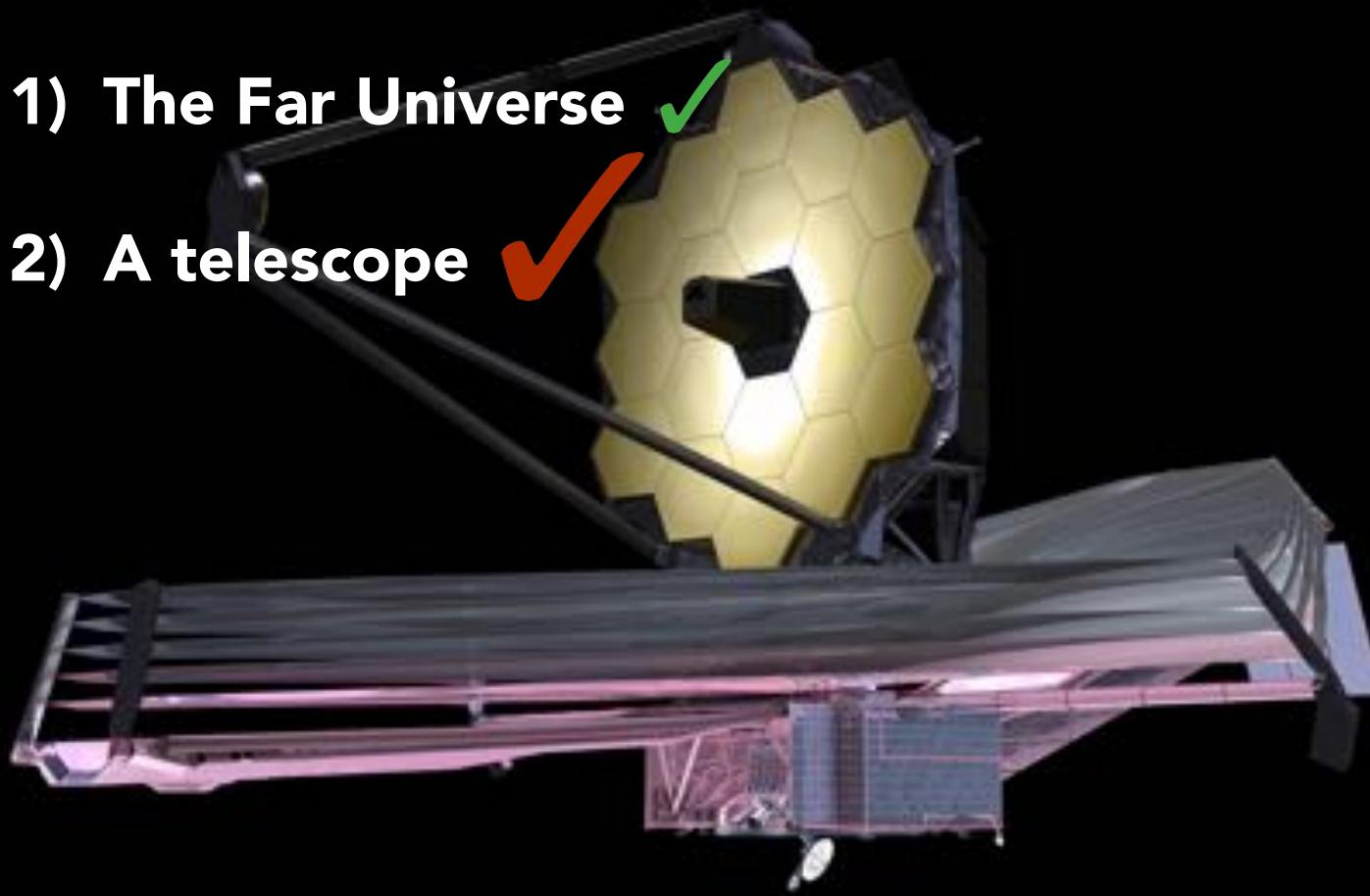
Central compact
component?
($n = 5.0$)

Smaller - Regulars – Irregulars - Merging - Spheroids? - Discs? -
No Hubble Seq.? - No λ -dependence

INGREDIENTS

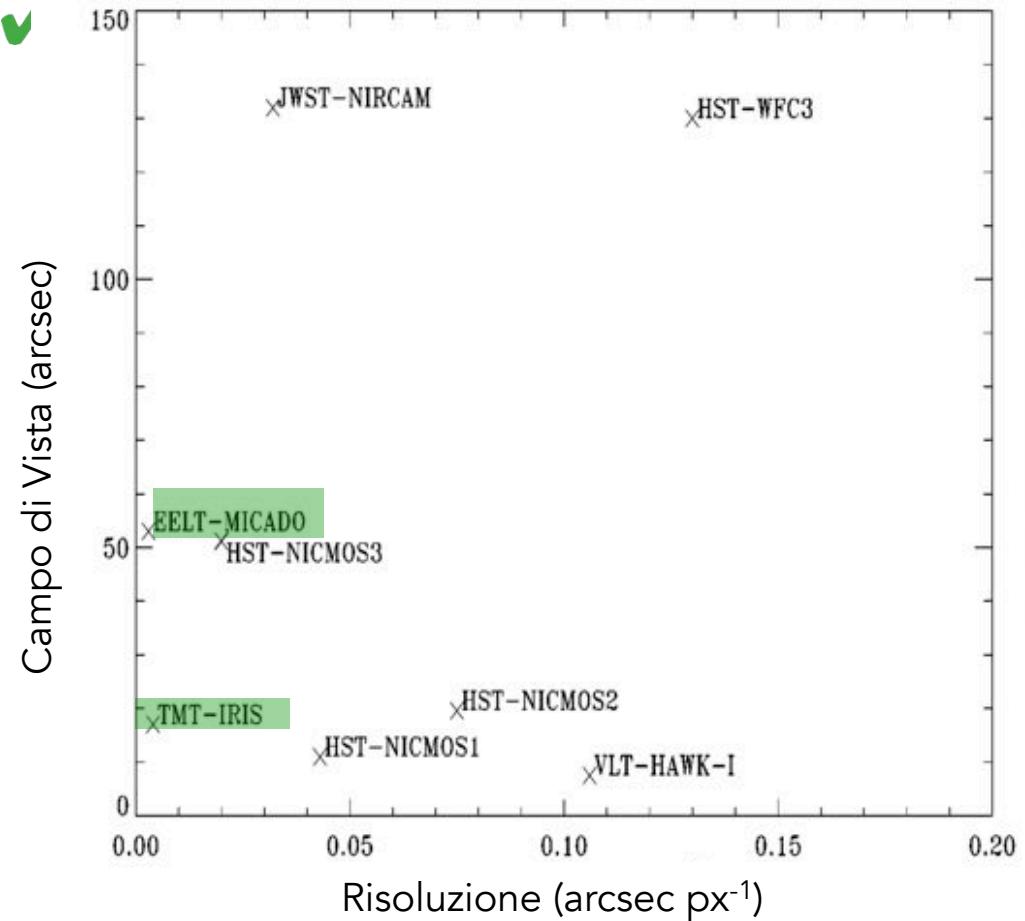
1) The Far Universe

2) A telescope



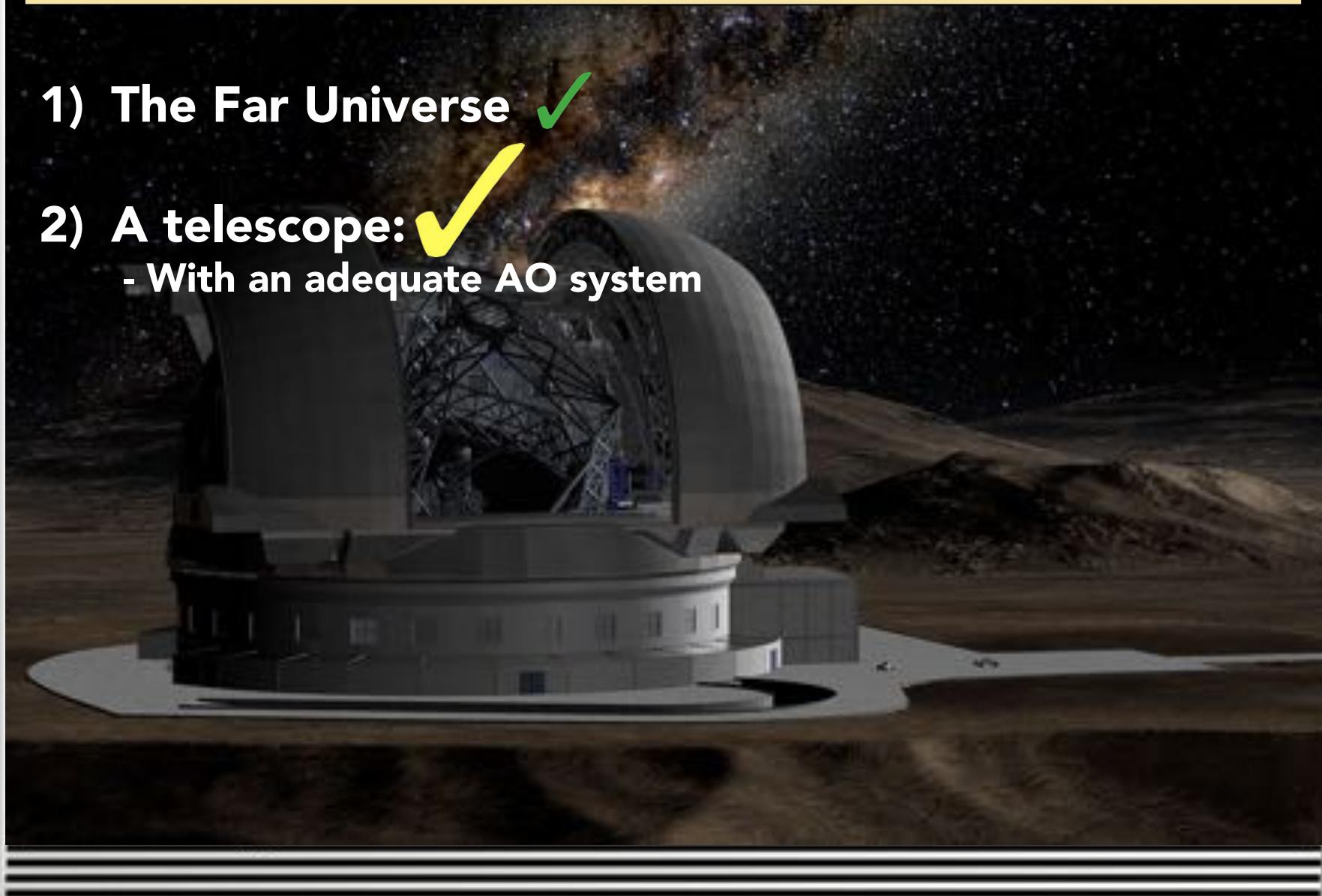
INGREDIENTS

- 1) The Far Universe ✓
- 2) A telescope ✓



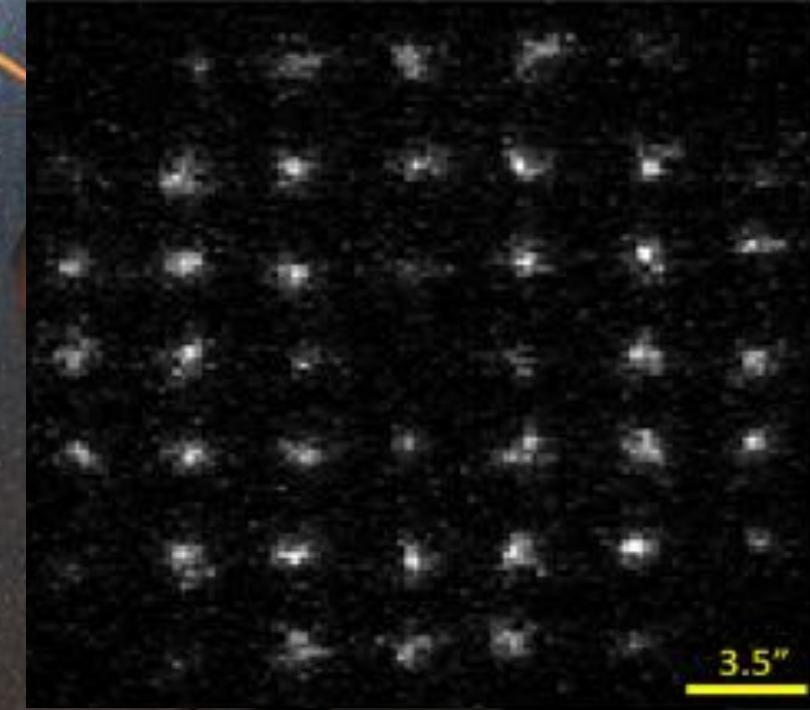
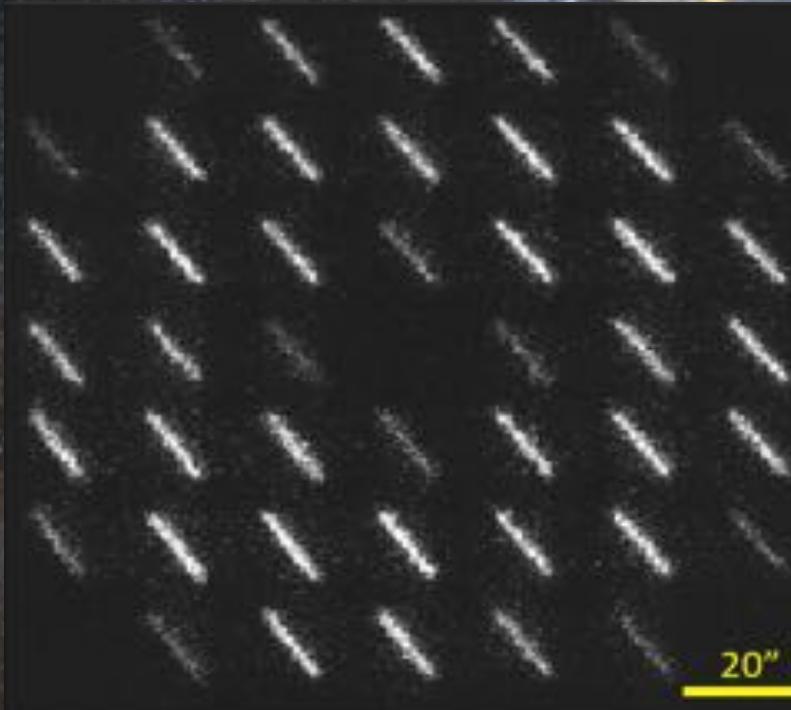
INGREDIENTS

- 1) The Far Universe ✓
- 2) A telescope: ✓
 - With an adequate AO system

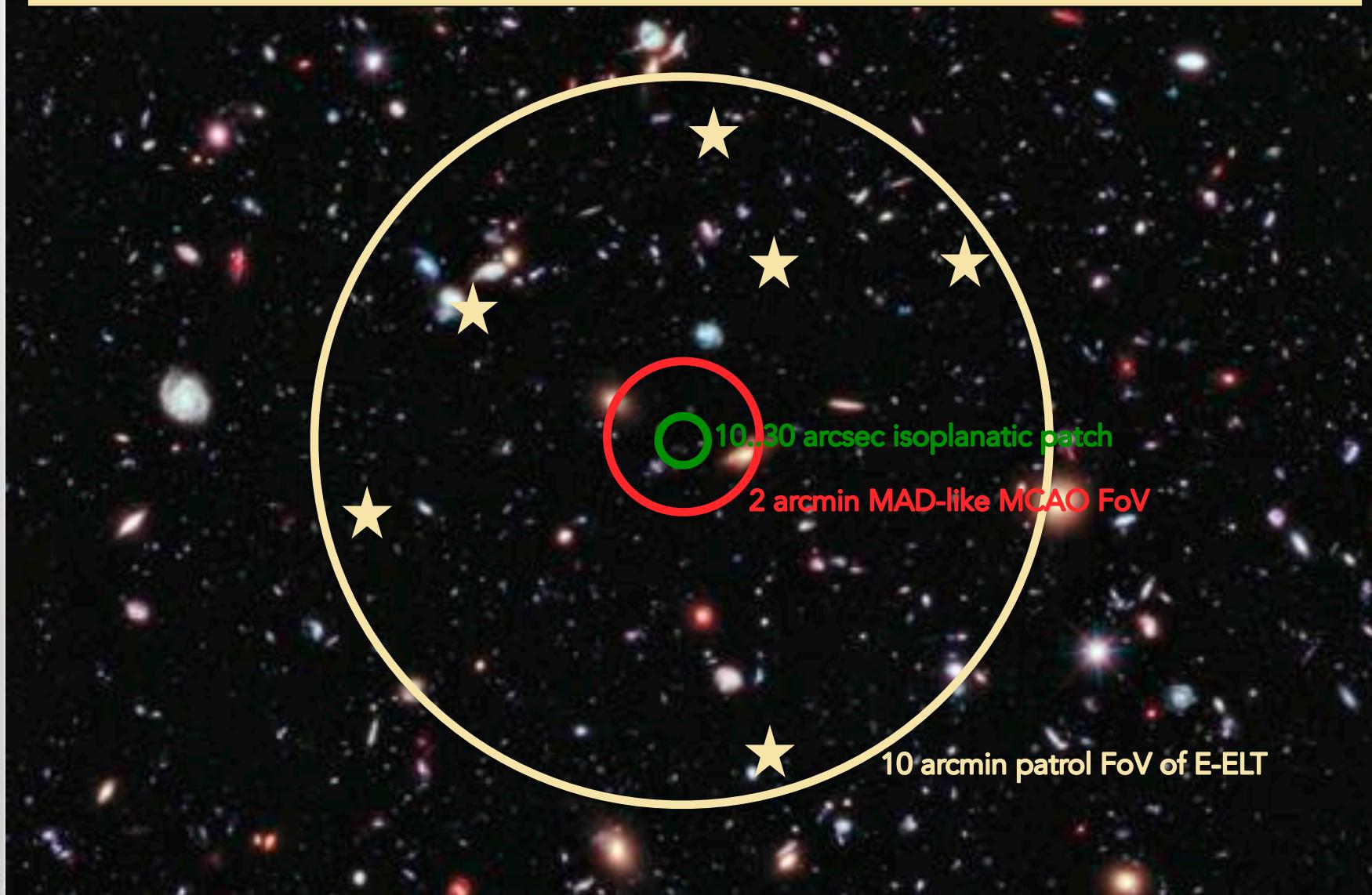


INGREDIENTS

- 1) The Far Universe ✓
- 2) A telescope:
- With an adequate AO system



OUR RECIPE: Global-MCAO

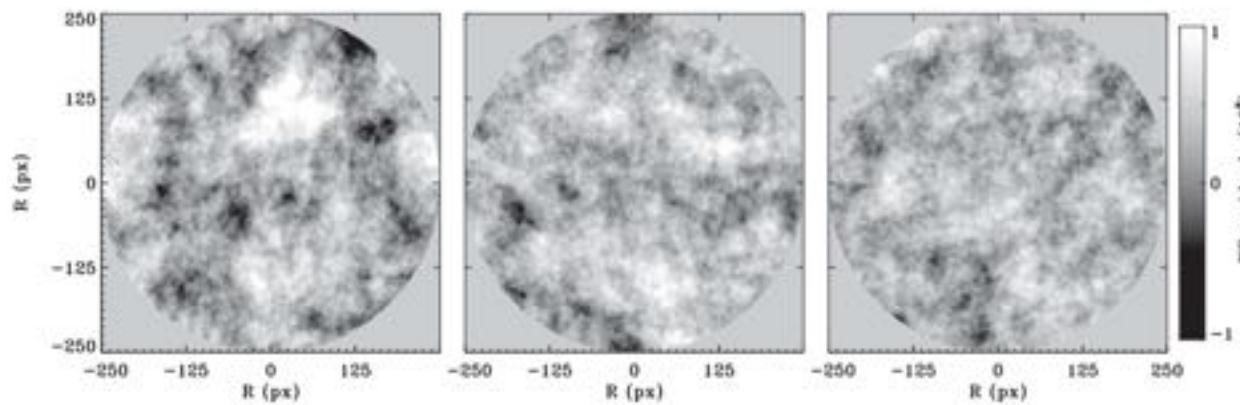
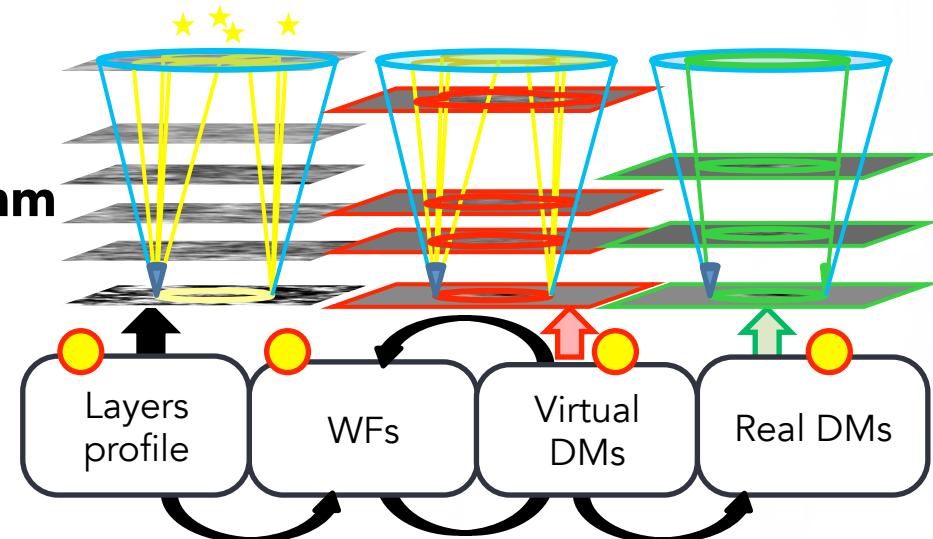


OUR RECIPE: Global-MCAO

1) Atmospheric Simulation Tool:

- 40 layers (ESO profile)
- $h_{\max} = 25.2 \text{ km @zenit}$
- $L_0 = 25 \text{ m}$
- $r_0 = 0.129 \text{ m @} 30^\circ, 500 \text{ nm}$

Viotto et al (2015)



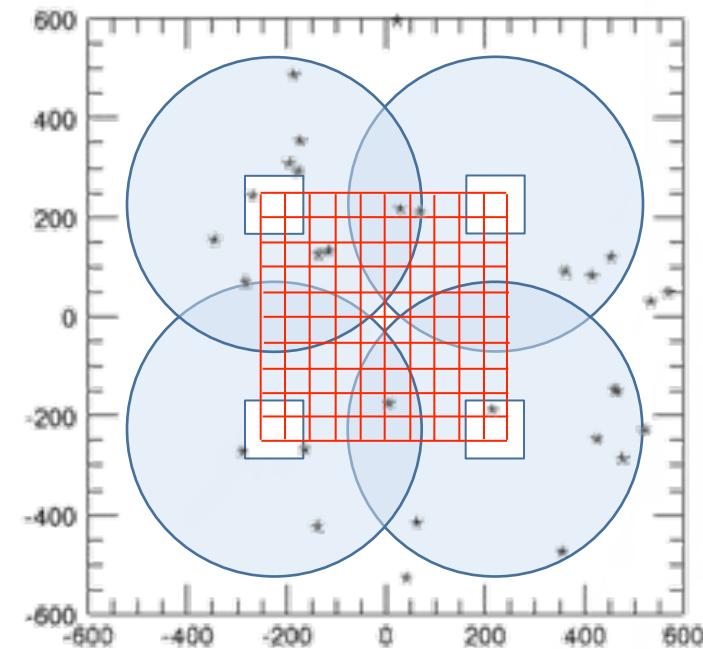
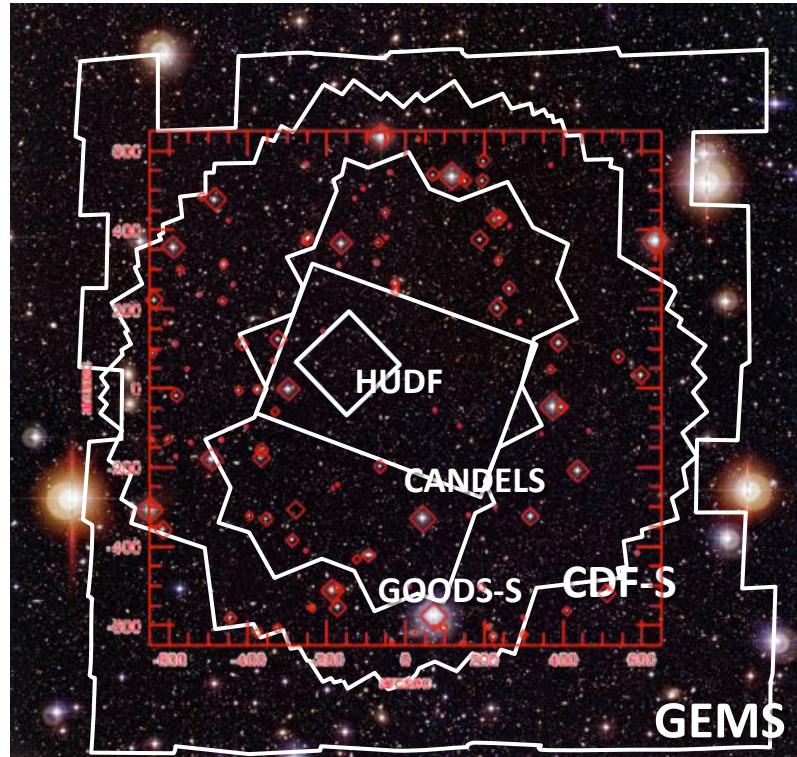
OUR RECIPE: Global-MCAO



Atmospheric Simulation Tool

2) Pointing:

- Chandra Deep Field South; RA=3:32:28; DEC=-27:48:30
- Star Catalog: USNO-B, R-band



OUR RECIPE: Global-MCAO

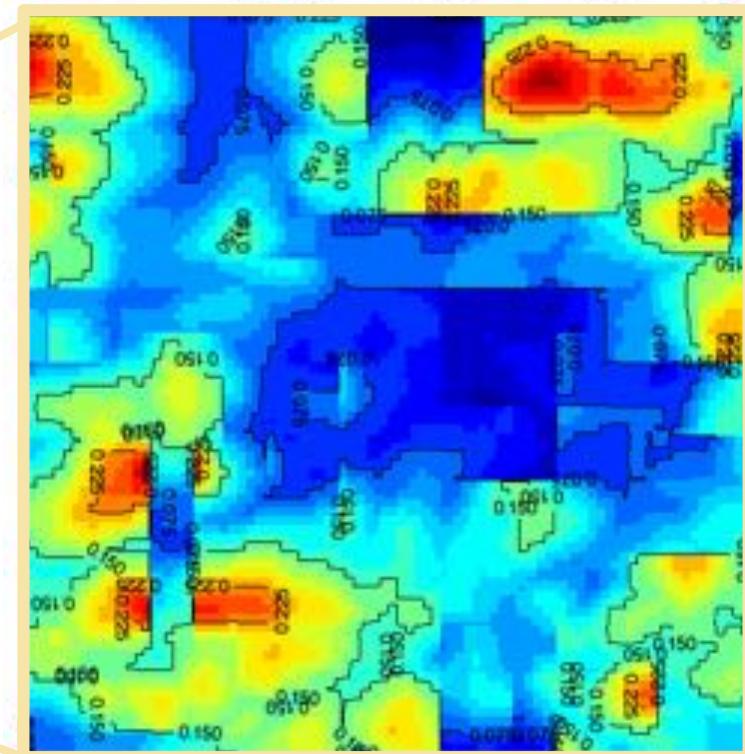
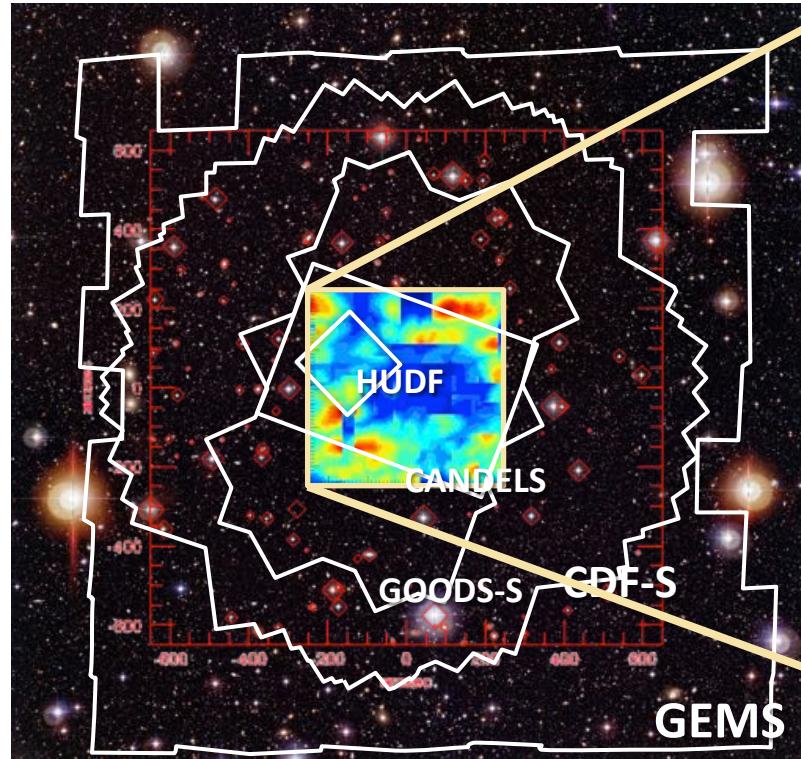


Atmospheric Simulation Tool



Pointing

3) K-band Strehl Ratio: 500" x 500" star-poor field, $\langle SR \rangle = 0.17$



OUR RECIPE: Global-MCAO

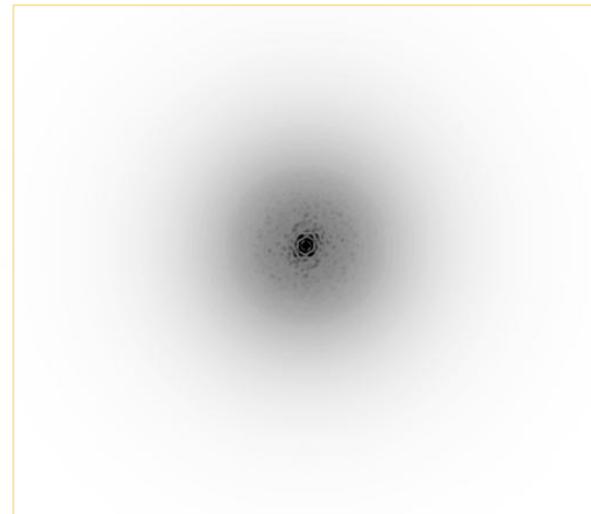


Atmospheric Simulation Tool

3)

Pointing

K-band Strehl Ratio: PSF construction



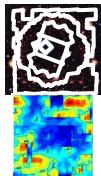
$$\begin{cases} PSF_{TOT,i} = \eta \cdot PSF_{wavef,i} + (1 - \eta) \cdot PSF_{GAUSS,i}, \\ \frac{h_{TOT,i}}{h_{DL,i}} = SR_i, \end{cases}$$

SR	η	$h_{GAUSS} \times 10^{-6} [\mu\text{m}]$	$\frac{h_{TOT}}{h_{DL}}$
0.01	0.009	1.923	0.01
0.02	0.018	1.912	0.02
0.03	0.032	1.906	0.03
0.04	0.043	1.895	0.04
0.05	0.052	1.882	0.05
0.06	0.076	1.888	0.06
0.07	0.076	1.865	0.07
0.08	0.092	1.857	0.08
0.09	0.114	1.863	0.09
0.10	0.129	1.857	0.10
0.11	0.122	1.828	0.11
0.12	0.191	1.883	0.12
0.13	0.185	1.853	0.13
0.14	0.172	1.809	0.14
0.15	0.181	1.792	0.15
0.16	0.202	1.800	0.16
0.17	0.189	1.757	0.17
0.18	0.256	1.816	0.18
0.19	0.268	1.793	0.19
0.20	0.239	1.726	0.20
0.21	0.228	1.697	0.21
0.22	0.273	1.710	0.22
0.23	0.323	1.753	0.23
0.24	0.368	1.793	0.24
0.25	0.491	1.849	0.25
0.26	0.404	1.779	0.26
0.27	0.435	1.801	0.27
0.28	0.349	1.630	0.28
0.29	0.366	1.625	0.29

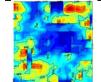
OUR RECIPE: Global-MCAO



Atmospheric Simulation Tool

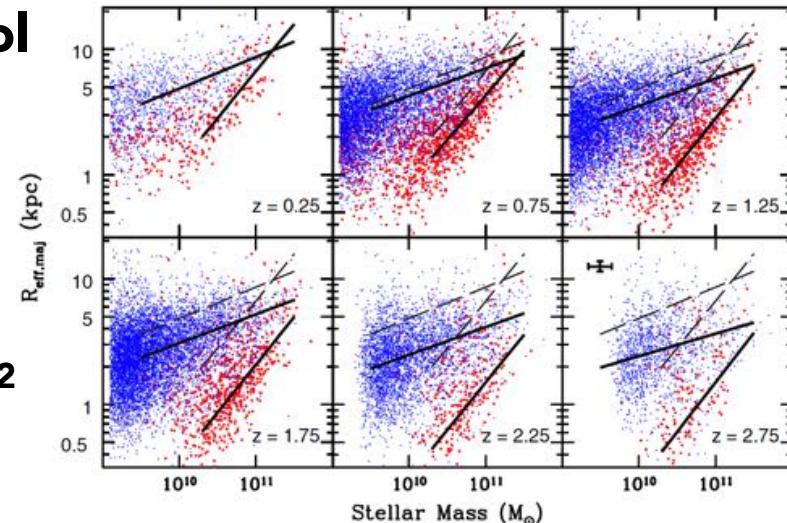
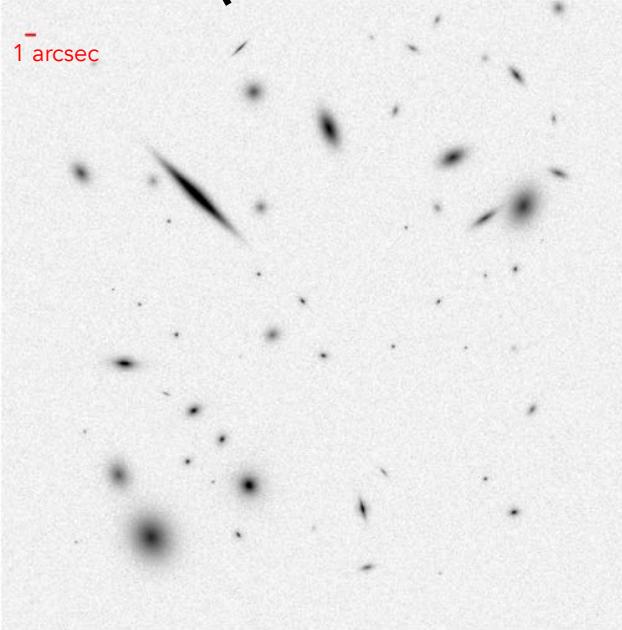


Pointing



K-band Strehl Ratio

- 4) **Simulation of a deep field:**
- 10 x 10 grid of 50 x 50 arcsec²
 - AETC (Falomo et al. 2011)



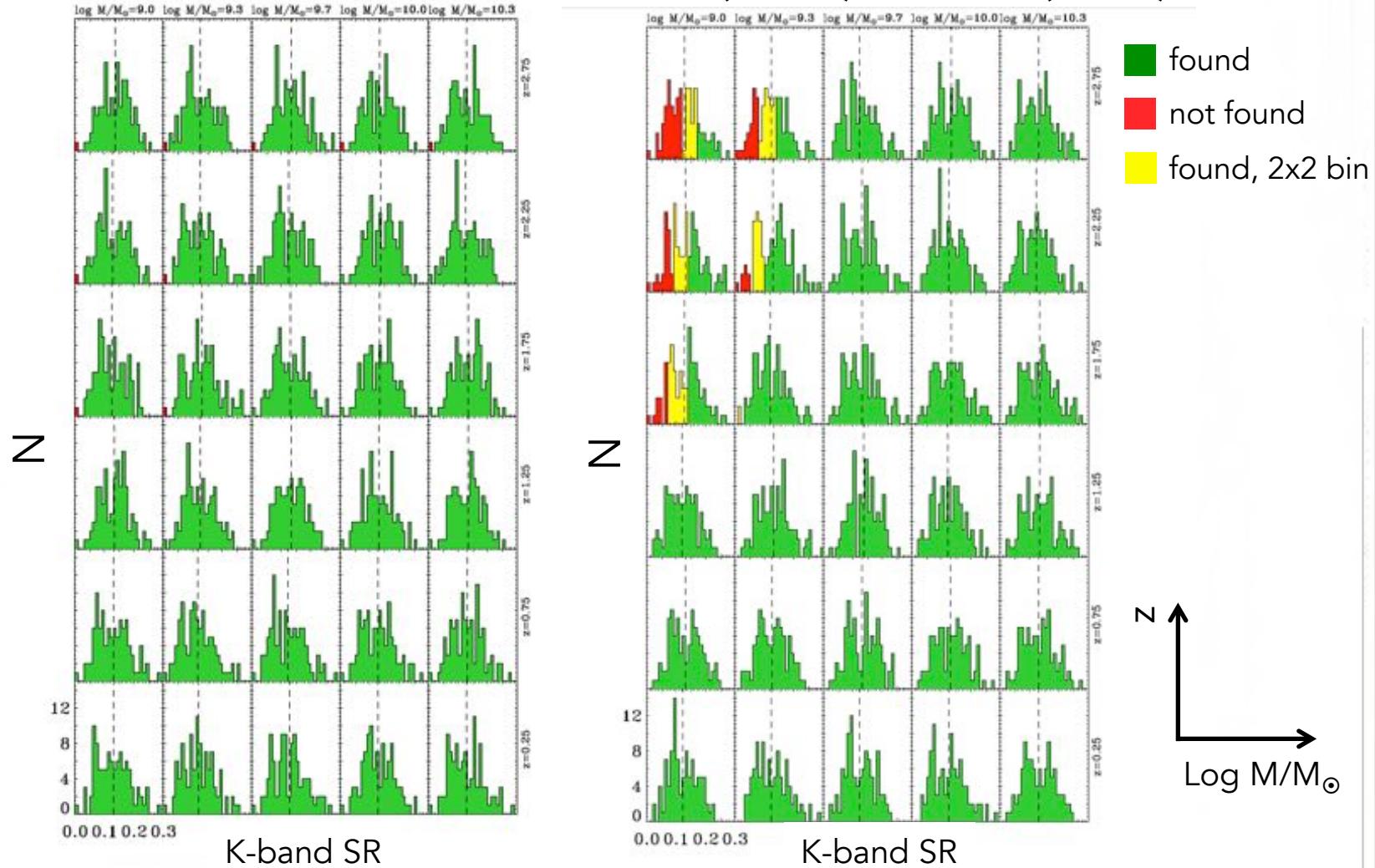
- input parameters
(van der Wel et al. 2014)

$$\log(M/M_{\odot}) = 9, 9.3, 9.7, 10, 10.3$$

$$z = 0.25, 0.75, 1.25, 1.75, 2.25, 2.75$$

THE FINAL PRODUCT

1) SExtractor completeness: 99.7% (ETGs) - 89.4% (LTGs)

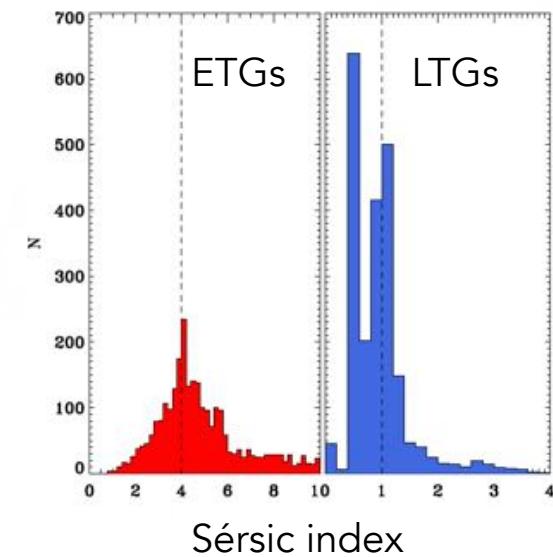
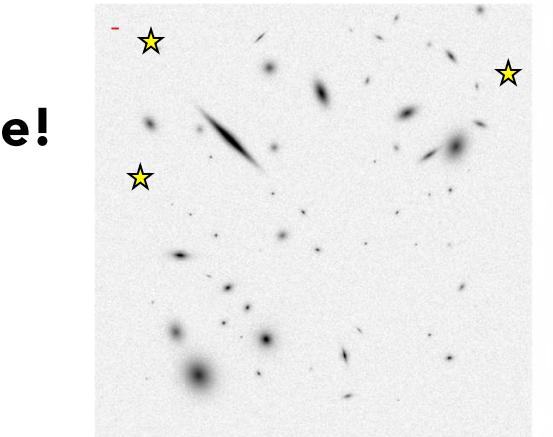
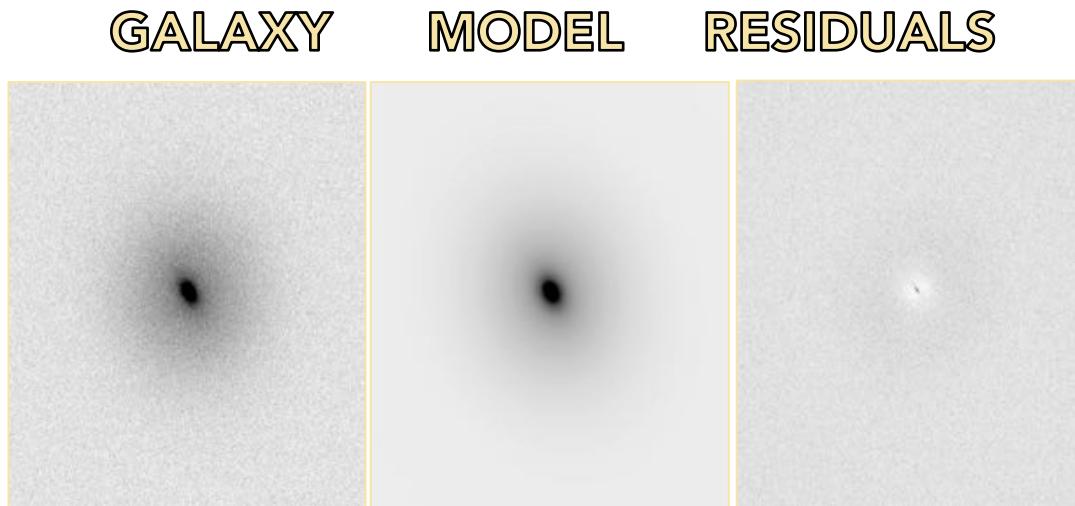


THE FINAL PRODUCT



SExtractor completeness: 99.7% (ETGs) - 89.4% (LTGs)

- 2) GALFIT: Morphology and Photometry -
NO PSF a priori knowledge!



THE FINAL PRODUCT

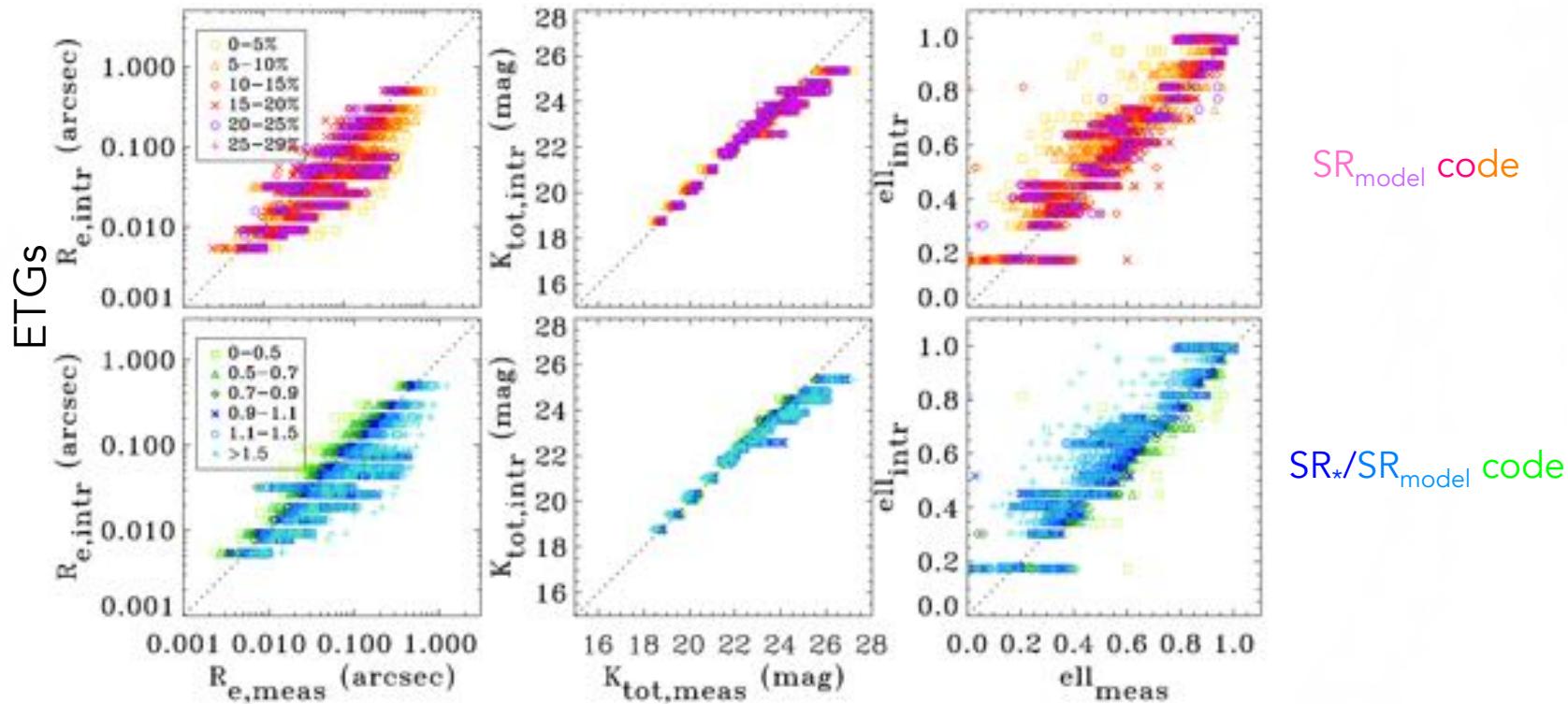


SExtractor completeness: 99.7% (ETGs) - 89.4% (LTGs)



GALFIT: Morphology and Photometry

3) Comparison



THE FINAL PRODUCT

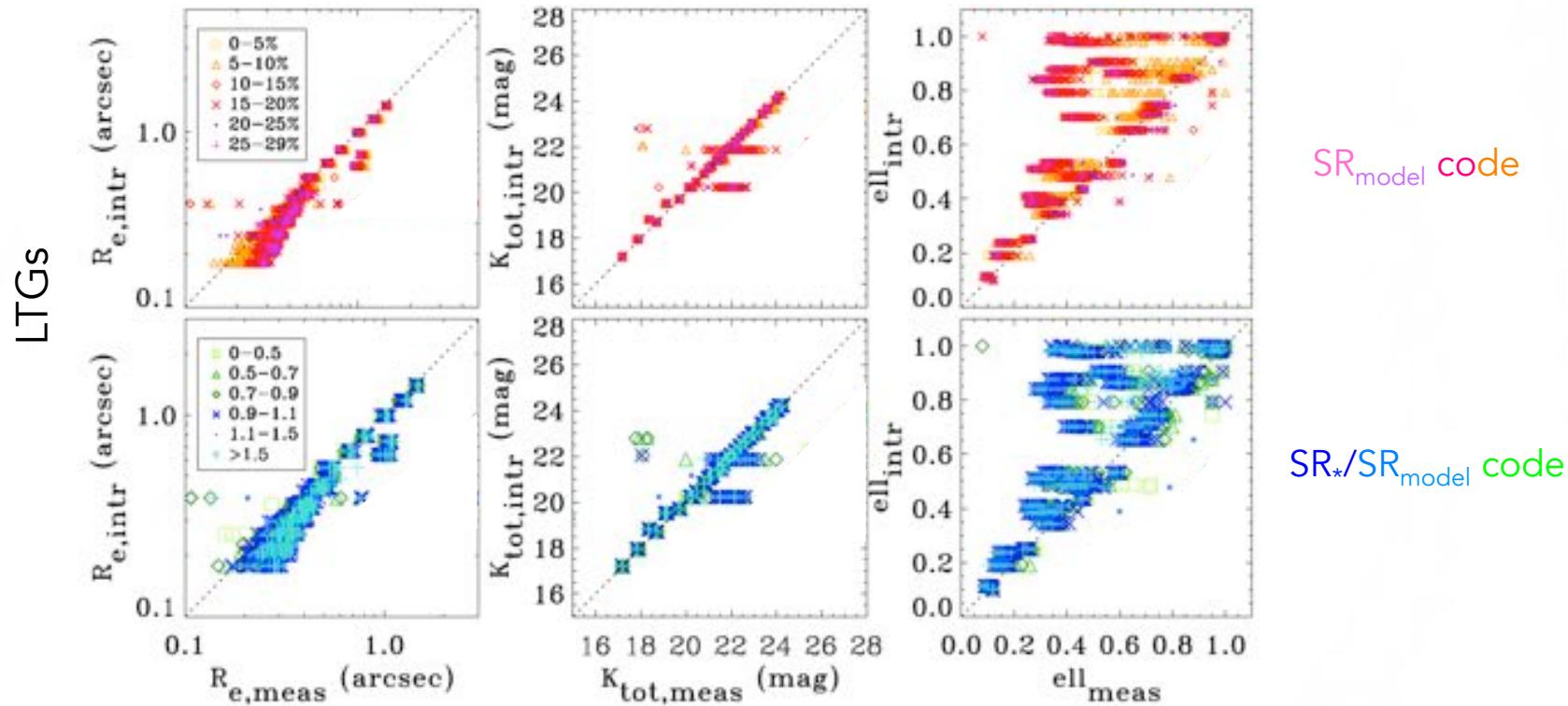


SExtractor completeness: 99.7% (ETGs) - 89.4% (LTGs)



GALFIT: Morphology and Photometry

3) Comparison



A GMCAO-assisted telescope can carry out photometric surveys successfully, recovering the morphology and photometry of sample galaxies adequately

WHAT'S NEXT?

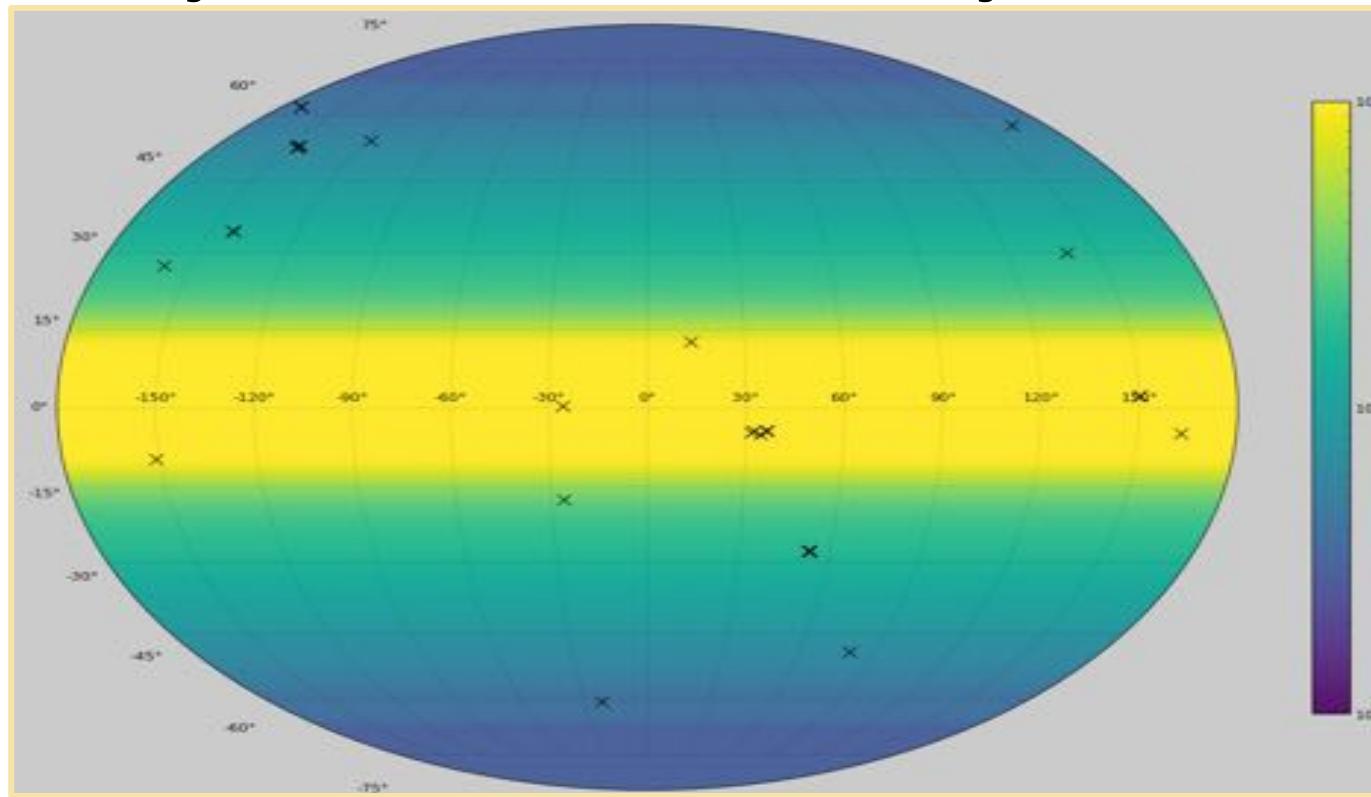
1) Feasibility (with GMCAO) of other surveys



A GMCAO-assisted telescope can carry out photometric surveys successfully, recovering the morphology and photometry of sample galaxies adequately

WHAT'S NEXT?

1) Feasibility (with GMCAO) of other surveys



A GMCAO-assisted telescope can carry out photometric surveys successfully, recovering the morphology and photometry of sample galaxies adequately

WHAT'S NEXT?

- 1) Feasibility (with GMCAO) of other surveys**
- 2) Any other science cases where NGSs are preferable to LSGs...**
- 3) Other recipes..**

Enjoy the cake

